

# **Electrical Circuits and Electronic Devices Lecture**

# **ECE 2301**

#### **Credit Hours:**

2.50 - 2.50

#### **Course Levels:**

Undergraduate (1000-5000 level)

#### **Course Components:**

Lecture

### **Course Description:**

Introduction to circuit analysis; circuit analysis concepts and mechanical systems analogies; theory and applications of electronic devices; operational amplifiers; electrical instruments and measurements. Lecture portion only.

#### **Prerequisites and Co-requisites:**

Prereq: Physics 1251 or 1261, and Math 1172 or 1544 or 2153 or 2162.01 or 2162.02 or 2182H or 4182H, and CPHR 2.0 or above, and enrollment in College of Engineering.

# **Course Goals / Objectives:**

- Master the basic laws of circuit theory
- Be competent to analyze simple resistive or dc circuits
- Be competent in the analysis of steady-state RC and RL circuits, including frequency domain concepts and filters
- Be competent in the transient analysis of RC and RL circuits
- Be familiar with the fundamentals of AC power circuits, including the distinction between three-phase and residential power wiring and distribution
- Be competent in the analysis of basic ideal and non-ideal operational amplifier circuits
- Be familiar with diodes and their application in rectifiers

## **Course Topics:**

- Fundamentals of electric circuits: Kirchhoff's current & voltage laws, power & sign conventions, Ohm's law, practical sources & measuring devices
- Resistive network analysis: node voltage analysis, mesh current analysis, superposition & Thevenin equivalent, loading
- AC network analysis: capacitors and inductors, sinusoids and sinusoidal response; phasor analysis of sinusoidal circuits
- Transient analysis with emphasis on 1st order circuits and brief overview of 2nd order circuits
- Sinusoidal frequency response of RLC circuits, filter circuits
- Power in AC circuits, complex power, transformers, three-phase power, residential wiring & power distribution
- Ideal op-amps, basic op-amp circuits
- Diodes: ideal diode model and constant-voltage-drop circuit models, applications in rectifiers and for snubbers
- Bipolar junction transistors: operations, circuit models and applications
- Field-effect transistors: operations, circuit models and applications
- Electronic instrumentation and measurements: sensor interfacing, control output, embedded computing systems

## **Designation:**

Elective